# VIASURE

### Clostridium difficile toxA Real Time PCR Detection Kit

## Pathogen and product description

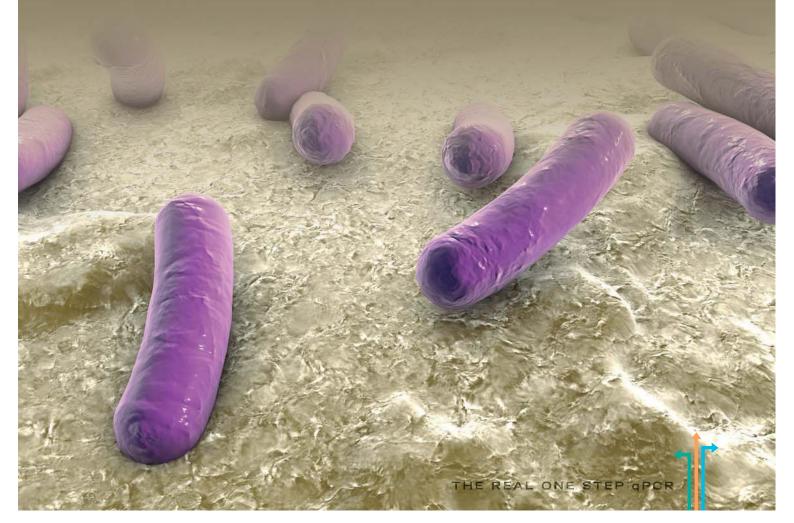
Cove, sporogenic, anaerobic bacillus that belongs to the Clostridiaceae family. Initially, C. difficile was described as a member of the commensal microbiota of neonates. However, later it was identified as a causal agent of antibiotic-associated diarrhea (AAD) and its infection is associated with high morbidity and mortality in the elderly.

The major risk factors for *C. difficile* infection are broad spectrum antibiotics exposure, hospitalization, and advanced age. The severity of its infection ranges from mild diarrhea and pseudomembranous colitis to toxic megacolon, perforations of the colon and occasionally, sepsis and even death. The main routes of transmission are the fecal-oral or aerosols. In fact, infected persons with acute diarrhea can

lead to heavy contamination of the environment with spores, which can persist in dust or on surfaces for months and be transmitted to other hospitalized patients or to healthcare workers once again.

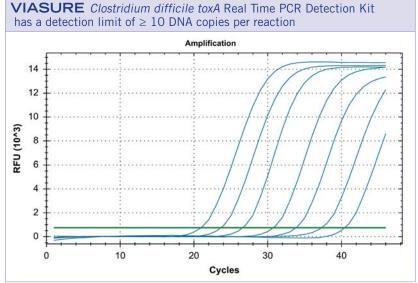
Toxigenic strains of *C. difficile* can colonize the glut, replicate and produce enterotoxin A and cytotoxin B, encoded by *tcdA* and *tcdB* genes.

VIASURE Clostridium difficile toxA Real Time PCR Detection Kit is designed for the diagnosis of gastroenteritis caused by Clostridium difficile Toxin A in human stool samples. After DNA isolation, the identification of Toxin A of Clostridium difficile is performed by the amplification of a conserved region with the tcdA gene using specific primers and a fluorescent-labeled probe.





#### Analytical sensitivity



Dilution series of Clostridium difficile (10<sup>7</sup>–10<sup>1</sup> copies/rxn) template run on the Bio-Rad CFX96 Touch™ Real-Time PCR Detection System.

#### Components

Reagent/Material	Description	Quantity
Clostridium difficile toxA 8-well strips	A mix of enzymes, primers-probes, buffer, dNTPs, stabilizers and Internal control in stabilized format	6/12 x 8-well strip
Clostridium difficile toxA 96-well plate	A mix of enzymes, primers-probes, buffer, dNTPs, stabilizers and Internal control in stabilized format	1 plate
Rehydration Buffer	Solution to reconstitute the stabilized product	1 vial x 1,8 mL
Clostridium difficile toxA Positive Control	Non-infectious synthetic lyophilized DNA	1 vial
Negative Control	Non template control	1 vial x 1 mL
Water RNAse/DNAse free	Water RNAse/DNAse free	1 vial x 1 mL
Tear-off 8-cap strips	Optical caps for sealing Wells during thermal cycling	6/12 x 8-cap strip
Shell Frame Grid	Shell Frame Grid	1 or 2

#### Kit References

Reference	Description
VS-CTA106L	Viasure Clostridium difficile toxA Real Time PCR Detection Kit 6 x 8-well strips, low profile
VS-CTA106H	Viasure Clostridium difficile toxA Real Time PCR Detection Kit 6 x 8-well strips, high profile
VS-CTA112L	Viasure Clostridium difficile toxA Real Time PCR Detection Kit 12 x 8-well strips, low profile
VS-CTA112H	Viasure Clostridium difficile toxA Real Time PCR Detection Kit 12 x 8-well strips, high profile
VS-CTA113L	Viasure Clostridium difficile toxA Real Time PCR Detection Kit 96-well plate, low profile
VS-CTA113H	Viasure Clostridium difficile toxA Real Time PCR Detection Kit 96-well plate, high profile

#### **Work Flow**

One-step rehydration of wells and add your extracted DNA



Separate the number of required strips you need



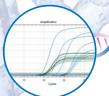
STEP 2 Add 15 µl of rehydration buffer into each well



STEP 3 Add 5 µl of DNA sample / positive control / negative control



STEP 4 Load the strips into the thermocycler and run the specified protocol



STEP 5 Interpretate results



